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- (B) The portion of teaching physicians' salaries and fringe benefits that are related to the time spent teaching and supervising residents.
- (C) Facility overhead costs that are allocated to direct graduate medical education
- (ii) The following costs are not allowable graduate medical education costs—
- (A) Costs associated with training, but not related to patient care services
- (B) Normal operating and capital-related costs.
- (C) The marginal increase in patient care costs that the RHC or FQHC experiences as a result of having an approved program.
- (D) The costs associated with activities described in §413.85(d) of this chapter.
- (7) Payment is equal to the product of—
- (i) The RHC's or the FQHC's allowable direct graduate medical education costs; and
- (ii) Medicare's share, which is equal to the ratio of Medicare visits to the total number of visits (as defined in §405.2463).
- (8) Direct graduate medical education payments to RHCs and FQHCs made under this section are made from the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund.
- [43 FR 8261, Mar. 1, 1978. Redesignated and amended at 57 FR 24977, June 12, 1992; 60 FR 63176, Dec. 8, 1995; 61 FR 14658, Apr. 3, 1996; 63 FR 41002, July 31, 1998]

# §405.2470 Reports and maintenance of records.

- (a) Maintenance and availability of records. The rural health clinic or Federally qualified health center must:
- (1) Maintain adequate financial and statistical records, in the form and containing the data required by HCFA, to allow the intermediary to determine payment for covered services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries in accordance with this subpart;
- (2) Make the records available for verification and audit by HHS or the General Accounting Office;
- (3) Maintain financial data on an accrual basis, unless it is part of a governmental institution that uses a cash

basis of accounting. In the latter case, appropriate depreciation on capital assets is allowable rather than the expenditure for the capital asset.

- (b) Adequacy of records. (1) The intermediary may suspend reimbursement if it determines that the clinic or center does not maintain records that provide an adequate basis to determine payments under Medicare.
- (2) The suspension continues until the clinic or center demonstrates to the intermediary's satisfaction that it does, and will continue to, maintain adequate records.
- (c) Reporting requirements—(1) Initial report. At the beginning of its initial reporting period, the clinic or center must submit an estimate of budgeted costs and visits for rural health clinic or Federally qualified health center services for the reporting period, in the form and detail required by HCFA, and such other information as HCFA may require to establish the payment rate.
- (2) Annual reports. Within 90 days after the end of its reporting period, the clinic or center must submit, in such form and detail as may be required by HCFA, a report of:
- (i) Its operations, including the allowable costs actually incurred for the period and the actual number of visits for rural health clinic or Federally qualified health center services furnished during the period; and
- (ii) The estimated costs and visits for rural health clinic services or Federally qualified health center services for the succeeding reporting period and such other information as HCFA may require to establish the payment rate.
- (3) Late reports. If the clinic or center does not submit an adequate annual report on time, the intermediary may reduce or suspend payments to preclude excess payment to the clinic or center.
- (4) *Inadequate reports.* If the clinic or center does not furnish a report or furnishes a report that is inadequate for the intermediary to make a determination of program payment, HCFA may deem all payments for the reporting period to be overpayments.
- (5) Postponement of due date. For good cause shown by the clinic or center, the intermediary may, with HCFA's approval, grant a 30-day postponement of the due date for the annual report.

(6) Reports following termination of agreement or change of ownership. The report from a clinic or center which voluntarily or involuntarily ceases to participate in the Medicare program or experiences a change in ownership (see §§ 405.2436-405.2438) is due no later than 45 days following the effective date of the termination of agreement or change of ownership.

#### § 405.2472 Beneficiary appeals.

A beneficiary may request a hearing by an intermediary (subject to the limitations and conditions set forth in subpart H of this part) if:

- (a) The beneficiary is dissatisfied with an intermediary's determination denying a request for payment made on his or her behalf by a rural health clinic or Federally qualified health center; or
- (b) The beneficiary is dissatisfied with the amount of payment; or
- (c) The beneficiary believes the request for payment is not being acted upon with reasonable promptness.

[43 FR 8261, Mar. 1, 1978. Redesignated and amended at 57 FR 24978, June 12, 1992]

# PART 406—HOSPITAL INSURANCE ELIGIBILITY AND ENTITLEMENT

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AUTHORITY: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

SOURCE: 48 FR 12536, Mar. 25, 1983, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 51 FR 41338, Nov. 14, 1986.

## **Subpart A—General Provisions**

#### § 406.1 Statutory basis.

Sections 226, 226A, 1818 and 1818A of the Social Security Act and section 103 of Public Law 89–97 establish the conditions for entitlement to hospital insurance benefits. Sections 202 (t) and (u) of the Act specify limitations that apply to certain aliens and to persons convicted of certain offenses.

[48 FR 12536, Mar. 25, 1983. Redesignated at 51 FR 41338, Nov. 14, 1986, as amended at 56 FR 38078, Aug. 12, 1991]

#### § 406.2 Scope.

Subparts A through D of this part specify the conditions of eligibility for hospital insurance and set forth certain specific conditions that affect entitlement to benefits. Hospital insurance is authorized under Part A of title XVIII and is also referred to as Medicare Part A. It includes inpatient hospital care, posthospital SNF care, home health services, and hospice care.

[48 FR 56026, Dec. 16, 1983, as amended at 50 FR 33033, Aug. 16, 1985. Redesignated and amended at 51 FR 41338, Nov. 14, 1986]